between India and Singapore by Prime Ministers of two countries on 29th June, 2005 in New Delhi.

India-Singapore CECA is structured as an integrated package of several agreements concerning Trade in Goods, Trade in Services, Investments and Economic Cooperation in identified areas.

(c) Stringent Rules of Origin have been buiit into the Agreement to ensure that only products that are actually manufactured in India or Singapore benefit from preferential import duties.

(d) Singapore is a global trading hub and it is expected that CECA would be instrumental in developing supply chains from India. Mutual Recognition Agreements in Goods are expected to increase our exports in food products like milk, milk products, egg and poultry. Mutual Recognition Agreements of professional degrees would provide greater avenues to Indian professionals. CECA is expected to enhance Singapore's investments into India especially in the infrastructure sector. CECA is also likely to increase efficiency in the Indian industry and services.

Export of alphanso mango to China

† 233. SHRI R.S. GAVAI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE **AND** INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have permitted to export the 'Aiphanso' variety of mango to China;

(b) whether it is also a fact that China intend to import grapes, pomegranate, lady finger, bitter gourd and other vegetables from India;

(c) if so, whether Government are contemplating on according its sanction for the export thereof;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI E.V.K.S. ELANGOVAN): (a) China has opened its market for import of Indian mangoes including the Aiphanso' variety.

(b) to (e) Following a pest risk analysis, China has argreed to open its market for Indian grapes and bitter gourds. As a part of this process, the

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

Chinese concerns relating to other fruits and vegetables are also being addressed to enable their export.

Export of alphanso mangoes

234. SHRI R.S. GAVAI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Australia, Japan, New Zealand and America have expressed their intention to import Hapus (Aiphanso) mango which is somewhat vapour heat treated;

(b) if so, whether Government are contemplating to allow export of Hapus mango to these countries;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI E.V.K.S. ELANGOVAN): (a) to (d) Import of Indian mangoes is not permitted by these countries owing to the alleged presence of fruit flies and other pests. As part of the ongoing process, the concerns of these countries are being addressed and sanitary and phyto-sanitary protocols are being concluded to enable export of mango including alphonso, to these countries.

Foreign investments in U.P.

† 235. SHRI NAND KISHORE YADAV: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the targets fixed for foreign investment in Uttar Pradesh during the last three years under the liberalisation policy along with the achievements thereof;

(b) the targets fixed for the foreign investment during the forthcoming five years; and

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.